

## Revision Card 1 - Conjunctions

*These words can be used as conjunctions*

and	even though
or	unless
but	since
when	although
if	after
because	until
that	whenever

*Which other conjunctions can you use?*

## Revision Card 2 - Fronted Adverbials

Fronted adverbials come at the start of a sentence and modify what follows.

*These are examples of **fronted adverbials**:*

**Slipping on the icy surface**, the boy grabbed my hand.

**To be honest**, I can't tell which is which.

**Jumping to her feet**, Violet sprinted back into the house.

**Tomorrow morning**, we'll go to the park.

**Surprisingly**, he didn't want any cake.

**Chatting on his phone**, he crossed the road.

**Last night**, I saw a shooting star.

**Determined and angry**, he made his way back.

*Can you make your own?*

## Hunt for conjunctions and fronted adverbials

### Version 2

When the hyena got hungry, he had to hunt and he was hungry now. He stepped out into the dusty savannah in order to find his fill. As he sniffed and listened, he came to a path. No ordinary path. This path split into two parts so one route was on the left and one on the right. Suddenly, the hyena stood still since finally, he had spotted his prey. Two goats. Unaware of him, they stood at the end of each path. Greedily, the hyena decided his plan. He would stay on both paths so that he could capture both goats. He tried to follow both but, of course, he split in two! So, this is where the proverb comes from: Two roads overcame the hyena.

Underline the conjunctions

Highlight the fronted adverbials

Now check your answers