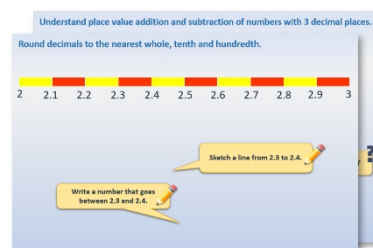


# Week 14, Day 2

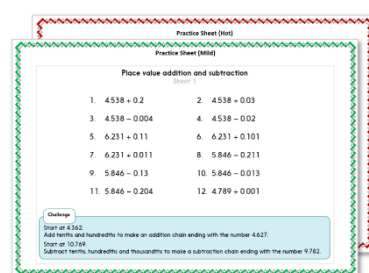
## Add pairs of 2-digit numbers (2)

Each day covers one maths topic. It should take you about 1 hour or just a little more.

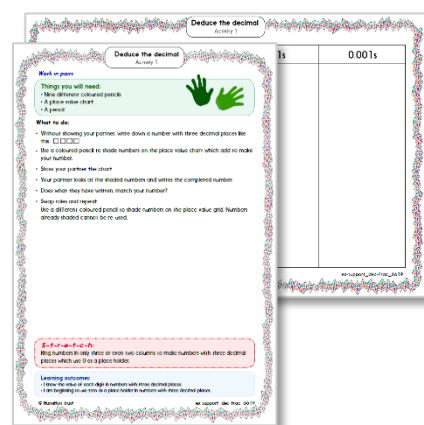
1. Start by reading through the **Learning Reminders**. They come from our *PowerPoint* slides.



2. Tackle the questions on the **Practice Sheet**. There might be a choice of either **Mild** (easier) or **Hot** (harder)! Check the answers.



3. Finding it tricky? That's OK... have a go with a grown-up at **A Bit Stuck?**



4. Think you've cracked it? Whizzed through the Practice Sheets? Have a go at the **Investigation**...

## Learning Reminders

Add pairs of 2-digit numbers by partitioning or counting on.

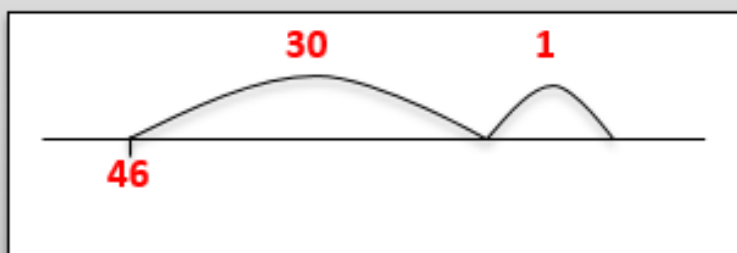
$$31 + 46$$

How would you work out the answer to this addition?



We could use place value cards, **partitioning** each number, adding the 10s and 1s, then **re-combining**.

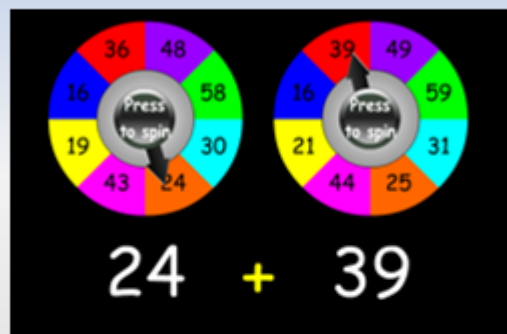
Or we can use **counting on**.  
Start with the largest number and count on the 10s then 1s.  
We can draw an empty **number line** to help.



## Learning Reminders

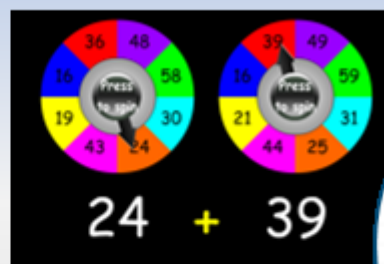
Add pairs of 2-digit numbers by partitioning or counting on.

For each example think which would be the best way to solve it.  
Look for the most **efficient** way and don't forget to use your **number bonds**!



Add pairs of 2-digit numbers by partitioning or counting on.

Different people may choose different strategies, but here are some common ways.



Here, we can pretend that we are adding 40!

**Add and adjust.**  
 $24 + 39$   
 $= 24 + 40 - 1$   
 $= 64 - 1 = 63$



**Partitioning.**  
 $36 + 25$   
 $= 50 + 11$   
 $= 60 + 1 = 61$



**Counting on.**  
 $45 + 24$   
 $= 45 + 20 + 4$   
 $= 65 + 4 = 69$

## Practice Sheet Mild

### Adding two 2-digit numbers

Add the following 2-digit numbers either using partitioning OR counting on in 10s then 1s.

1.  $54 + 23$

2.  $45 + 44$

3.  $31 + 57$

4.  $36 + 46$

5.  $52 + 37$

6.  $31 + 42$

7.  $38 + 54$

8.  $47 + 35$

9.  $66 + 23$

10.  $45 + 35$

#### Challenge

Write the same number in both boxes to make the sum correct.

$$\square + \square = 68$$

## Practice Sheet Hot

### More adding two 2-digit numbers

Add the following 2-digit numbers either using partitioning OR counting on in 10s then 1s.

1.  $43 + 39$

2.  $68 + 25$

3.  $32 + 58$

4.  $47 + 47$

5.  $39 + 61$

6.  $31 + 42$

7.  $46 + 35$

8.  $33 + 54$

9.  $67 + 33$

10.  $47 + 32$

11.  $36 + 56$

12.  $66 + 23$

13.  $68 + 33$

14.  $45 + 35$

15.  $44 + 58$

#### Challenge

Find three different pairs of numbers that total 91.

## Practice Sheet Answers

### Practice Sheet (Mild)

1.  $54 + 23 = 77$
2.  $45 + 44 = 89$
3.  $31 + 57 = 88$
4.  $36 + 46 = 82$
5.  $52 + 37 = 89$
6.  $31 + 42 = 73$
7.  $38 + 54 = 92$
8.  $47 + 35 = 82$
9.  $66 + 23 = 89$
10.  $45 + 35 = 80$

#### Challenge

34

+

34

= 68

### Practice Sheet (Hot)

1.  $43 + 39 = 82$
2.  $68 + 25 = 93$
3.  $32 + 58 = 90$
4.  $47 + 47 = 94$
5.  $39 + 61 = 100$
6.  $31 + 42 = 73$
7.  $46 + 35 = 81$
8.  $33 + 54 = 87$
9.  $67 + 33 = 100$
10.  $47 + 32 = 79$
11.  $36 + 56 = 92$
12.  $66 + 23 = 89$
13.  $68 + 33 = 101$
14.  $45 + 35 = 80$
15.  $44 + 58 = 102$

#### Challenge

Accept answers with two 2-digit numbers that add up to 91, e.g.

$$63 + 28$$

$$39 + 52$$

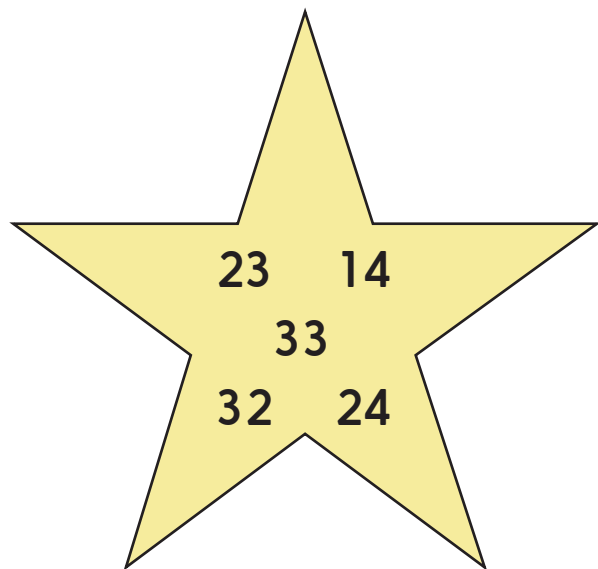
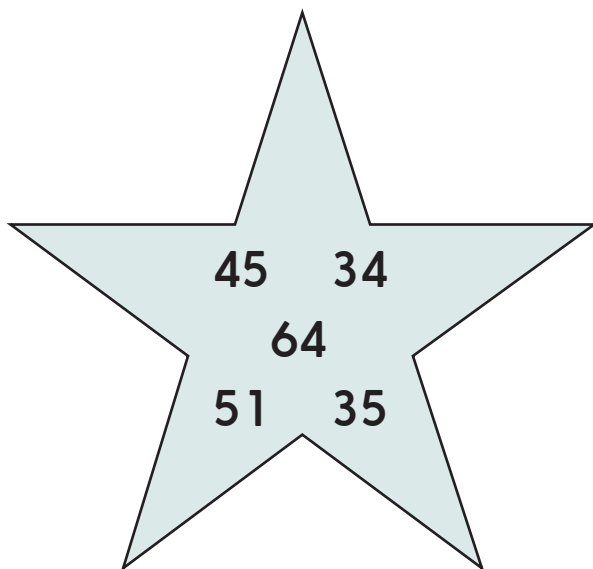
$$55 + 36$$

$$48 + 43$$

$$71 + 20$$

$$73 + 18$$

## A Bit Stuck? Pick'n'mix



**What to do:**

- Pick a number from each star.
- Make each number using place value cards.
- Collect the 10s and add them.
- Collect the 1s and add them.
- Now add your two answers.
- Write the addition.

A worksheet with a yellow background and a spiral binding on the left. It shows the addition of 64 and 23 using place value cards. The equation  $64 + 23$  is written in blue. Below it, the numbers are represented by place value cards: 60 (green) and 4 (blue) for 64, and 20 (green) and 3 (blue) for 23. The sum is calculated as  $60 + 20 = 80$  and  $4 + 3 = 7$ , resulting in  $80 + 7 = 87$ .

### ***S-t-r-e-t-c-h:***

Your challenge is to look for a pair of numbers with a total between:

- 50 and 60
- 60 and 70
- 70 and 80
- 80 and 90
- 90 and 100



## Investigation

### Diagonal hundreds

- Copy this grid.

Ones digit is less than 5	Ones digit is more than 5


- Write a two-digit number in each space. Each number should be less than 40.
- In the left column, the ones digit must be less than 5.
- In the right column, the ones digit must be more than 5.
- Add the numbers in the top left and bottom right corners (the diagonal).
- Add the numbers in the bottom left and top right corners (the other diagonal).
- Add your two answers.
- YOU ARE TRYING TO GET A TOTAL OF EXACTLY 100!
- Start again, and try another pair of numbers in the first column and another pair in the second column.
- How close to 100 is your total now?

Ones digit is less than 5	Ones digit is more than 5
32	28
21	18

Discuss how you can bring your total closer to 100.

- Try with different start numbers in your square.  
Can you get a total of 100?  
Can you get a total of 100 in more than one way?